

# DEMOCRATIC NORTHWEST

Circulation, 2250.

And Henry County News.

Subscription \$1.00

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1852.

NAPOLÉON, O., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1895.

VOL. XLIII—NO. 45.

## Democratic-Northwest. AND HENRY COUNTY NEWS.

Entered at Napoleon Postoffice as Second Class Matter.  
Published every Thursday Morning.

Office Northwest Building, Washington St.  
L. L. ORWIG.

L. L. ORWIG & SON.

Terms of Subscription: \$1.00 per year in advance. If not paid in advance, then \$1.50 will be charged. No paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid unless at the option of the publisher. Job printing of every description neatly and cheaply executed.

### ADVERTISING RATES.

Am't of Space.	1 week	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year
One column.	40c	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$4.00	\$7.00
Two columns.	80c	2.00	5.00	8.00	14.00
Three columns.	1.20	3.00	7.50	12.00	21.00
Four columns.	1.60	4.00	10.00	16.00	28.00
Five columns.	2.00	5.00	12.50	20.00	35.00

### YOUR GOOD LUCK.

It is your good luck to be situated conveniently near such a large and choice stock of goods as can be found at Saur & Balsleys; to have at your command a generous and carefully selected assortment lacking in none of its details and representing the most advanced ideas in quality. This fact runs through their mammoth stock, which is perhaps the largest to be found in northwestern Ohio.

Reasoning people say, who have investigated the subject, who have traded here, there and everywhere, who know by experience just what they are talking about, say that Saur & Balsley beats all their competitors as to quality, variety and prices of goods.

Having been encouraged by a grand success in business in Henry county for the past quarter of a century and over, Saur & Balsley have exerted themselves more than ever this season to please their large trade, and especially those looking up goods for the holidays. Therefore this holiday stock will be more attractive than ever, giving one an opportunity to buy holiday presents, both useful and ornamental, at exceedingly low prices.

Besides an endless variety of books and fancy stationery, pen holders, gold pens, etc., they have a large assortment of combs and brush trays, collar and cuff boxes, manicure trays, cut glass bottles, fancy china vases, shaving sets, fancy hand mirrors, albums, photo boxes, handkerchief and glove boxes; in fact everything in the latest celluloid novelties to make desirable gifts for Christmas and New Year.

Saur & Balsley are making great preparations for the holiday business, and Napoleon's greatest store offers unheard of inducements for your trade. Their goods have been marked at such alluring prices and at so great a saving of money to the public as has never been attempted in Henry county.

Their stock of paints, oils and brushes is always the largest, and their wall paper department is always kept up on the latest styles of paper and decorations. Come in and examine their styles and prices.

Pure drugs and medicines are always found at this house. Prescriptions carefully compounded with care by competent pharmacists.

### WARNING TO FARMERS!

Ravages of a Corn Worm.  
A Comparatively New Pest in Ohio.

A number of farmers residing in the south part of the county report that during the past season their corn crops and those of some of their neighbors were injured by what is known as the Western corn root worm. The pest is described as follows: A small white worm scarcely half an inch in length and of the thickness of a pin attacks the roots of corn and in a dry season sometimes completely ruins the crop. These worms later in the season develop into the striped bugs so injurious to cucumbers, squashes and pumpkins, these in turn cut off the silk thus preventing the fertilization of the grain.

The pest is said to subsist on the corn plant alone so that a rotation of crops will prevent its ravages, or exterminate them where they have done any damage.

The farmers above referred to, finding corn to be the most profitable crop for them to raise, have planted the same fields every year for several years with the above results.

The Ohio Agricultural Experiment Station's report for 1892 warned the farmers of Ohio of the coming of these insects into the state from Indiana, and the report of 1894 presents a diagram showing them to have spread over the entire western part of Ohio. We would advise the farmers of Henry county not to plant corn on the same fields more than twice in succession. We also believe that the insects have been doing damage and establishing themselves unobserved in many parts of the county.

### FOSTER'S WEATHER BULLETIN.

Fluctuating Temperature in the Month of January.

(Special to The Bee.)

St. Joseph, Mo., Dec. 21.—My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm waves to cross the continent from 21st to 25th and following it will be about the same. The disturbance will reach the Pacific coast about January 1, cross the west of Rockies country by close of 2d, the great central valleys 3d to 5th, eastern states 6th.

This disturbance will culminate the first period of moderate temperatures in January, and following it will be about the same of low but fluctuating temperatures. Then again will come two weeks of moderate temperatures culminating in the highest temperatures about 27th to 28th west of the Mississippi and 29th and 30th further east.

The wave will cross the west of Rockies country about January 1, great central valleys 3d, eastern states 5th. Cool wave will cross the west of Rockies country about January 4, great central valleys 6th, eastern states 8th.

This disturbance will not cause general precipitation, but will inaugurate a long period of heavy snows and rains which will average heaviest for January east of the Rockies and south of Denver, St. Louis, Cincinnati and Washington, extending to the northern states the last of the month and in February.

By the close of February the whole United States will be in a good condition as to rainfall, but March will inaugurate a dry period for large portions of the country. April and May will cause serious droughts in places to such an extent, at least, as to make it advisable not to put in certain crops, for the drought will surely make them unprofitable.

Others localities will have too much rain. The crop season of 1895 had a general deficiency of rain, but it will not be that way in 1896. Large sections will have too much, other large sections a deficiency, so that for the whole country about an average rain fall may be expected.

**Mothers**  
will please observe that children may use Century Catarrh Cure with perfect safety, as in no case does it produce the slightest ill effect. For all stoppages and colds in the head, which often trouble the little ones it will be found the pleasantest and surest of prescriptions and infinitely the easiest to administer. For sale by Saur & Balsley.

### LIMA NORTHERN'S FIRST TRAIN.

Was Run Yesterday Over the New Road from Lima to Ottawa.

Special to The Bee.  
LIMA, O., Dec. 19.—The first train on the new Lima Northern railroad left here yesterday morning at 7:15 p. m. for Ottawa. It was in charge of Conductor Ben Bell, formerly of the Nickel Plate, and who for many years ran on the C. H. & D. and Engineer Bruen, with engine 338, pulled the train.

It is believed here that the C. H. & D. will extend their C. D. & C. line from Spencer to Lima. Senator Brice has purchased the Mays property near the C. H. & D. passenger station here and will erect thereon a fine passenger depot for the joint use of the Lake Erie & Western, Ohio Southern and Lima Northern roads.

### Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surface. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive therefrom. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Testimonials free. Sold by druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

### Three Truths for the Farmer.

(Philadelphia Record.)

If the American farmer will consider this matter calmly and without prejudice, he will become conscious of three truths. First, that a tariff is levied for protection because the production of such things can be and has been limited by the trusts and combinations which have monopolized their manufacture. Second, that it can add nothing to the price of what he sells, because it is not within power of any possible combination of farmers to limit agricultural production, and the price of the surplus must necessarily regulate the price of all. Third, that the only possible outlet for this surplus is to be found in foreign markets; and a protective tariff hinders its sale in those markets, because in order to be protective it must forbid the acceptance of the only things that foreigners have to give in exchange.

### On Deck, as Usual.

The National Wool-Growers' Association, an outfit of antique origin and whose motto reads, "Special protection to a few, to the bow-bows with everybody else," or words to that effect, is on deck at Washington. This outfit is always on deck in the vicinity of the national capital when congress is in session. It has grown gray and wrinkled since the said deck and howling for more protection on wool. With this gang of special privilege seekers the sheep industry has been suffering for more protection on wool. The sheep industry was deep in the mire of protection under the tariff act of 1893, according to this tariff gang and under the McKinley tariff, when the duty was 11 to 12 cents per pound on first and second class wools, this wooly aggregation found the sheep business paralyzed for want of sufficient protection. Even now, when mutton is the first consideration and wool a secondary issue in the sheep industry but with the tendency of fluctuations in the value of wool upward, this moss-grown, mildewed outfit is in Washington, arrayed in sack cloth and ashes, going up and down the streets dismally moaning "restore the tariff on wool and save a few of us from utter destruction!" A beautiful phase of the present lachrymose Peekenian effort of the Wool-Growers' association is the fact that it is tottering hand-in-hand with the woolen manufacturers, who alone are the beneficiaries of a high wool tariff. This dual aggregation might as well make its prayer to congress read: "Protect and enrich the woolen manufacturers and make wearers of woolen clothes pay the bill," for, boiled down, that is what it amounts to. Rob the laborer, the poor man, to enrich the woolen manufacturers, has been the sum and substance of the wool tariff ever since it was first promulgated.—Chicago Stockman.

### WOOLY HOSS PROBLEM.

Has been Pretty Thoroughly Discussed Everywhere.

The Van Wert Bulletin of Tuesday says: The Bulletin recently published the following problem: "A man sells a horse for \$30. He then buys him back for \$70 and sells him again for \$100. What did he gain in the transaction?" This question was thoroughly discussed in many localities. At a west side grocery a counter was covered with crackers by persons who used them to demonstrate their theory of the transaction. In Jonestown, in York township, the disputants met at a school house and used sheets of brown paper to represent ten dollar bills, in their demonstrations. After wrangling several hours without an agreement they appointed a committee of three teachers to solve the problem and report at an adjourned meeting. Many have obtained the answer \$40, while others make it \$30. Thirty dollars is correct. The mention of the original price is misleading. Not knowing it's cost it must be assumed that \$30 was the value of the animal. The owner having sold him and pocketed the money, now begins an independent transaction, buying a horse for \$70 and selling him for \$100. The profit is evidently \$30. The solution given by those who make the answer \$40, when properly figured gives the same result. Thus: Selling the horse for \$30 and re-purchasing for \$70 the speculator makes \$10. He then sells again for \$100, making a net total of \$110 received for the horse. But by the terms of the problem the horse is worth \$30. He has then parted with property worth \$30 for \$110, and his profit in the transaction is the difference or \$80.

### Let It Be to Children.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 20.—The will of Judge Thurman leaves his real estate in the Thurman and Doshier addition equally to his three children. All other real estate is divided equally among his two daughters and Allen W. Thurman's children. After settling all debts, the residue goes equally to his three children.

### Victory For Free Coinage.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The first silver vote in the senate was on a motion to refer to the finance committee Allen's silver resolution directing an inquiry as to the advisability of opening the mints to free coinage in view of the strained relations over Venezuela. The motion was defeated—yeas, 34; nays, 36; the silver men voting nay.

### They Are All Dead.

EGYPT, N. C., Dec. 21.—Thirty-four bodies have already been found in the shaft where the horrible mine explosion occurred. About 250 pounds of dynamite exploded. The body of the foreman of the dynamite room is missing.

### The Parliamentary Franchise.

Men and women in England vote equally for town councils, local boards, poor law guardians, vestries, churchwardens and school boards. For very shame, says the president of the international union, extend the parliamentary franchise, which has been granted to every ignorant laborer and denied not only to the honest, industrious working woman, but to the thoughtful, educated lady, whose gardener, coachman and groom can record their votes before her eyes, while she is practically outlawed. As for the argument that women as politicians would destroy the peace of the domestic circle, it is universally conceded that family life is infinitely richer and more attractive to men when politics are not tabooed on account of the ignorance or indifference of the female members of the household.

### Probably.

Willis—What does this advertisement mean. "Lady will make confidential advances on furniture?"  
Kilton—Some old maid is anxious to get a man alone on the back porch sofa and pop the question to him.—New York World.

### Not to Be Trusted.

"She has refused to marry me," said the lover despondently. "Do you suppose she really means what she says?"  
"I don't know," replied the woman hater promptly, "but I wouldn't take any more chances if I were you."—Chicago Post.

### The Valentine Theatre—Toledo's Palatial Play House, the Finest in America, to be Opened Christmas Night.

Christmas night, Wednesday, Dec. 25th, will mark an event in the history of Toledo that will be matter for congratulation upon the part of its citizens as well as the people of the surrounding country. Reference is had to the opening of the new Valentine theatre, built at enormous expense and under the personal supervision of its owner, Mr. George H. Ketcham, one of Toledo's wealthiest and most progressive capitalists, and whose enterprise has been a prominent factor in the phenomenal growth of Toledo and the development of its commercial interests. Mr. Ketcham announced, more than a year ago, that he would build a theatre that, when finished, would be the finest and best equipped in the United States. Considering the advancement, in the last decade, in theatre building and the many play houses famous for their magnificence it will be understood that Mr. Ketcham's undertaking was of considerable magnitude. Before beginning the construction of the new theatre he visited every important city in America and the best world for the purpose of studying the best features of the best theatres and the result of his research and more than a year's work of a small army of workmen is the marvelously beautiful palace that will be dedicated to the amusement of the citizens of Toledo and the surrounding country on Christmas night by that grand old actor and pride of the theatrical profession, Mr. Joseph Jefferson. Any description of the Valentine would so meagrely convey any idea of its magnificence that it would be wasted effort and it will not be attempted in view of the fact that the low holiday excursion rates on all the railroads will offer favorable opportunities to our readers to visit Toledo and see the finest and most thoroughly fire-proof theatre in America, and which will present during the season a continuous succession of the high class successes in the standard drama, opera, burlesque, spectacular and comedy with a sprinkling here and there of foreign artists and celebrities. On the opening night Mr. Jefferson will present his new historical characterization of Rip Van Winkle, and on Thursday night will be seen as Caleb Plimmer in "The Cricket on the Hearth" and on Friday night "Lead Me Five Shillings." Following Mr. Jefferson on Friday and Saturday, Dec. 27th and 28th, the eminent comedian Mr. Wm. H. Crane will appear, presenting on Friday night and Saturday matinee "His Wife's Father," and on Saturday night his great success "The Senator." The first half of New Year's week will be taken up by Messrs E. M. and Joseph Hollis and the New York Garrick theatre company in a sumptuous presentation of "A Speedy Highwayman." On Thursday night, Jan. 2nd, Al G. Field's big minstrel company is announced, the balance of the week being taken by the original Bostonians in their newest operatic success, "A War Time Wedding." Seats for any of the above may be ordered by telegraph or mail.

### IN THE SUNSET OF LIFE.

People Married After a Separation of Sixty-Two Years.  
McGUFFEY, O., Dec. 20.—Christ Schurz, 82, and Miss Martha Cowen, 80, were married here. They were school children together in Germany, she emigrating to this country with her parents when but 18 years old, and they knew nothing of the whereabouts of each other until last November, when Schurz came to this country, and through friends learned that Miss Cowen was somewhere in Ohio. From that time until now he has been on a search for his loved one, finding her here last Friday.

### Worked to Perfection.

AKRON, O., Dec. 21.—Mary Knorr, 17, had been told that if she put croton oil in coffee and gave it to a man to drink and it made him sick, it was a sure sign he loved her. She tried it on Albert Porter, 42, who had a narrow escape from death and Mary is now in jail.

### Ohio's Indebtedness.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 23.—The bonded indebtedness of the state as computed by Secretary Eli West of the sinking fund commission will be on Jan. 1 next \$1,791,665, on which the interest due at the date mentioned will be \$29,550.

### Gale Off the Irish Coast.

QUEENSTOWN, Dec. 23.—There is a violent gale blowing off the Irish coast and several small craft have been swamped.

### The Steamship Spree Floated.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—The steamship Spree has arrived at Southampton.

### MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Dec. 19, New York.

Wool—Ohio and Pennsylvania XXX, 20c; XX and above, 19c; X and below, 18c; No. 2, 17c; No. 3, 16c; No. 4, 15c; No. 5, 14c; No. 6, 13c; No. 7, 12c; No. 8, 11c; No. 9, 10c; No. 10, 9c; No. 11, 8c; No. 12, 7c; No. 13, 6c; No. 14, 5c; No. 15, 4c; No. 16, 3c; No. 17, 2c; No. 18, 1c; No. 19, 10c; No. 20, 9c; No. 21, 8c; No. 22, 7c; No. 23, 6c; No. 24, 5c; No. 25, 4c; No. 26, 3c; No. 27, 2c; No. 28, 1c; No. 29, 10c; No. 30, 9c; No. 31, 8c; No. 32, 7c; No. 33, 6c; No. 34, 5c; No. 35, 4c; No. 36, 3c; No. 37, 2c; No. 38, 1c; No. 39, 10c; No. 40, 9c; No. 41, 8c; No. 42, 7c; No. 43, 6c; No. 44, 5c; No. 45, 4c; No. 46, 3c; No. 47, 2c; No. 48, 1c; No. 49, 10c; No. 50, 9c; No. 51, 8c; No. 52, 7c; No. 53, 6c; No. 54, 5c; No. 55, 4c; No. 56, 3c; No. 57, 2c; No. 58, 1c; No. 59, 10c; No. 60, 9c; No. 61, 8c; No. 62, 7c; No. 63, 6c; No. 64, 5c; No. 65, 4c; No. 66, 3c; No. 67, 2c; No. 68, 1c; No. 69, 10c; No. 70, 9c; No. 71, 8c; No. 72, 7c; No. 73, 6c; No. 74, 5c; No. 75, 4c; No. 76, 3c; No. 77, 2c; No. 78, 1c; No. 79, 10c; No. 80, 9c; No. 81, 8c; No. 82, 7c; No. 83, 6c; No. 84, 5c; No. 85, 4c; No. 86, 3c; No. 87, 2c; No. 88, 1c; No. 89, 10c; No. 90, 9c; No. 91, 8c; No. 92, 7c; No. 93, 6c; No. 94, 5c; No. 95, 4c; No. 96, 3c; No. 97, 2c; No. 98, 1c; No. 99, 10c; No. 100, 9c; No. 101, 8c; No. 102, 7c; No. 103, 6c; No. 104, 5c; No. 105, 4c; No. 106, 3c; No. 107, 2c; No. 108, 1c; No. 109, 10c; No. 110, 9c; No. 111, 8c; No. 112, 7c; No. 113, 6c; No. 114, 5c; No. 115, 4c; No. 116, 3c; No. 117, 2c; No. 118, 1c; No. 119, 10c; No. 120, 9c; No. 121, 8c; No. 122, 7c; No. 123, 6c; No. 124, 5c; No. 125, 4c; No. 126, 3c; No. 127, 2c; No. 128, 1c; No. 129, 10c; No. 130, 9c; No. 131, 8c; No. 132, 7c; No. 133, 6c; No. 134, 5c; No. 135, 4c; No. 136, 3c; No. 137, 2c; No. 138, 1c; No. 139, 10c; No. 140, 9c; No. 141, 8c; No. 142, 7c; No. 143, 6c; No. 144, 5c; No. 145, 4c; No. 146, 3c; No. 147, 2c; No. 148, 1c; No. 149, 10c; No. 150, 9c; No. 151, 8c; No. 152, 7c; No. 153, 6c; No. 154, 5c; No. 155, 4c; No. 156, 3c; No. 157, 2c; No. 158, 1c; No. 159, 10c; No. 160, 9c; No. 161, 8c; No. 162, 7c; No. 163, 6c; No. 164, 5c; No. 165, 4c; No. 166, 3c; No. 167, 2c; No. 168, 1c; No. 169, 10c; No. 170, 9c; No. 171, 8c; No. 172, 7c; No. 173, 6c; No. 174, 5c; No. 175, 4c; No. 176, 3c; No. 177, 2c; No. 178, 1c; No. 179, 10c; No. 180, 9c; No. 181, 8c; No. 182, 7c; No. 183, 6c; No. 184, 5c; No. 185, 4c; No. 186, 3c; No. 187, 2c; No. 188, 1c; No. 189, 10c; No. 190, 9c; No. 191, 8c; No. 192, 7c; No. 193, 6c; No. 194, 5c; No. 195, 4c; No. 196, 3c; No. 197, 2c; No. 198, 1c; No. 199, 10c; No. 200, 9c; No. 201, 8c; No. 202, 7c; No. 203, 6c; No. 204, 5c; No. 205, 4c; No. 206, 3c; No. 207, 2c; No. 208, 1c; No. 209, 10c; No. 210, 9c; No. 211, 8c; No. 212, 7c; No. 213, 6c; No. 214, 5c; No. 215, 4c; No. 216, 3c; No. 217, 2c; No. 218, 1c; No. 219, 10c; No. 220, 9c; No. 221, 8c; No. 222, 7c; No. 223, 6c; No. 224, 5c; No. 225, 4c; No. 226, 3c; No. 227, 2c; No. 228, 1c; No. 229, 10c; No. 230, 9c; No. 231, 8c; No. 232, 7c; No. 233, 6c; No. 234, 5c; No. 235, 4c; No. 236, 3c; No. 237, 2c; No. 238, 1c; No. 239, 10c; No. 240, 9c; No. 241, 8c; No. 242, 7c; No. 243, 6c; No. 244, 5c; No. 245, 4c; No. 246, 3c; No. 247, 2c; No. 248, 1c; No. 249, 10c; No. 250, 9c; No. 251, 8c; No. 252, 7c; No. 253, 6c; No. 254, 5c; No. 255, 4c; No. 256, 3c; No. 257, 2c; No. 258, 1c; No. 259, 10c; No. 260, 9c; No. 261, 8c; No. 262, 7c; No. 263, 6c; No. 264, 5c; No. 265, 4c; No. 266, 3c; No. 267, 2c; No. 268, 1c; No. 269, 10c; No. 270, 9c; No. 271, 8c; No. 272, 7c; No. 273, 6c; No. 274, 5c; No. 275, 4c; No. 276, 3c; No. 277, 2c; No. 278, 1c; No. 279, 10c; No. 280, 9c; No. 281, 8c; No. 282, 7c; No. 283, 6c; No. 284, 5c; No. 285, 4c; No. 286, 3c; No. 287, 2c; No. 288, 1c; No. 289, 10c; No. 290, 9c; No. 291, 8c; No. 292, 7c; No. 293, 6c; No. 294, 5c; No. 295, 4c; No. 296, 3c; No. 297, 2c; No. 298, 1c; No. 299, 10c; No. 300, 9c; No. 301, 8c; No. 302, 7c; No. 303, 6c; No. 304, 5c; No. 305, 4c; No. 306, 3c; No. 307, 2c; No. 308, 1c; No. 309, 10c; No. 310, 9c; No. 311, 8c; No. 312, 7c; No. 313, 6c; No. 314, 5c; No. 315, 4c; No. 316, 3c; No. 317, 2c; No. 318, 1c; No. 319, 10c; No. 320, 9c; No. 321, 8c; No. 322, 7c; No. 323, 6c; No. 324, 5c; No. 325, 4c; No. 326, 3c; No. 327, 2c; No. 328, 1c; No. 329, 10c; No. 330, 9c; No. 331, 8c; No. 332, 7c; No. 333, 6c; No. 334, 5c; No. 335, 4c; No. 336, 3c; No. 337, 2c; No. 338, 1c; No. 339, 10c; No. 340, 9c; No. 341, 8c; No. 342, 7c; No. 343, 6c; No. 344, 5c; No. 345, 4c; No. 346, 3c; No. 347, 2c; No. 348, 1c; No. 349, 10c; No. 350, 9c; No. 351, 8c; No. 352, 7c; No. 353, 6c; No. 354, 5c; No. 355, 4c; No. 356, 3c; No. 357, 2c; No. 358, 1c; No. 359, 10c; No. 360, 9c; No. 361, 8c; No. 362, 7c; No. 363, 6c; No. 364, 5c; No. 365, 4c; No. 366, 3c; No. 367, 2c; No. 368, 1c; No. 369, 10c; No. 370, 9c; No. 371, 8c; No. 372, 7c; No. 373, 6c; No. 374, 5c; No. 375, 4c; No. 376, 3c; No. 377, 2c; No. 378, 1c; No. 379, 10c; No. 380, 9c; No. 381, 8c; No. 382, 7c; No. 383, 6c; No. 384, 5c; No. 385, 4c; No. 386, 3c; No. 387, 2c; No. 388, 1c; No. 389, 10c; No. 390, 9c; No. 391, 8c; No. 392, 7c; No. 393, 6c; No. 394, 5c; No. 395, 4c; No. 396, 3c; No. 397, 2c; No. 398, 1c; No. 399, 10c; No. 400, 9c; No. 401, 8c; No. 402, 7c; No. 403, 6c; No. 404, 5c; No. 405, 4c; No. 406, 3c; No. 407, 2c; No. 408, 1c; No. 409, 10c; No. 410, 9c; No. 411, 8c; No. 412, 7c; No. 413, 6c; No. 414, 5c; No. 415, 4c; No. 416, 3c; No. 417, 2c; No. 418, 1c; No. 419, 10c; No. 420, 9c; No. 421, 8c; No. 422, 7c; No. 423, 6c; No. 424, 5c; No. 425, 4c; No. 426, 3c; No. 427, 2c; No. 428, 1c; No. 429, 10c; No. 430, 9c; No. 431, 8c; No. 432, 7c; No. 433, 6c; No. 434, 5c; No. 435, 4c; No. 436, 3c; No. 437, 2c; No. 438, 1c; No. 439, 10c; No. 440, 9c; No. 441, 8c; No. 442, 7c; No. 443, 6c; No. 444, 5c; No. 445, 4c; No. 446, 3c; No. 447, 2c; No. 448, 1c; No. 449, 10c; No. 450, 9c; No. 451, 8c; No. 452, 7c; No. 453, 6c; No. 454, 5c; No. 455, 4c; No. 456, 3c; No. 457, 2c; No. 458, 1c; No. 459, 10c; No. 460, 9c; No. 461, 8c; No. 462, 7c; No. 463, 6c; No. 464, 5c; No. 465, 4c; No. 466, 3c; No. 467, 2c; No. 468, 1c; No. 469, 10c; No. 470, 9c; No. 471, 8c; No. 472, 7c; No. 473, 6c; No